

Country:

U.S.S.R. CULTIVATED PLANTS PRODUCTS

M

Period: 1955-1960 (approximate dates)

Location:

U.S.S.R.

Item Type:

Products received as part 15.9% in the Italian Rieselina, 41.2% in the Tartan from Gobestec, and 81.2% in the Mustard Hamburg. -- G.T. Chukovsky

Panel: 3/3

RUMANIA/General Problems of Pathology. Allergy

U-2

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Biol., No 14, 1958, No 65911

Author : Constantinescu N., Micu, I., Munteanu G., Gheorghiu M.,  
Birzu, N., Blindu P., Vacs L.

Inst : Rumanian Academy

Title : Preliminary Data on the Allergic Intradermal Test in Epidemic Hepatitis

Orig Pub : Comun. Acad. RFR, 1957, 7, No 2, 273-277

Abstract : By means of the Vladimirova intradermal test (Clinic. ned., 1951, 7), the authors detected the presence of an auto-allergen (A.A.) in a filtrate of gastric juice from a patient with epidemic hepatitis throughout the course of the disease. The A.A. reaction was negative in well persons and in patients with gastric and hepatic diseases.

Card : 1/1

MICU, I., dr.; OVANESCU, Al., dr.; CUCIUREANU, Georgeta, dr.; BEJENARIU, C., dr.

Pyocyanic and staphylococcal septicopyohemia with pleural focus.  
Med. intern., Bucur 12 no.10:1531-1536 0 '60.

1. Lucrare efectuata in Clinica de boli contagioase Iasi (director:  
prof. Maria Franche).

(SEPTICEMIA etiol.) (STAPHYLOCOCCAL INFECTIONS case reports)  
(PLEURA dis.)

NICOLAU, St. S., acad.; CONSTANTINESCU, N.; BIRZU, N.; ZAVATE, O.; MICU, I.  
TEODOROVICI, Gr.

Evolution of human rabies comparatively studied in both treated and  
untreated patients with antirabic vaccine. Consecutive therapeutic  
directives. Studii cerc inframicrobiol Special issue-supplement  
to 12:133-143 '61.

1. Institutul de inframicrobiologie al Academiei R.P.R. si Institutul  
de igiena, Iasi. 2. Membru al Comitetului de redactie si redactor  
responsabil, "Studii si cercetari de inframicrobiologie" (for Nicolau).

(HYDROPHOBIA)

CONSTANTINESCU, N.; CEPELEANU, M.; ICU, I.; BIRZU, N.; ZAVATE, O.;  
MORARU, A.

Strains of the modified rabic virus, isolated from human meningo-  
encephalomyelitis with a course atypical of rabies. Studii cerc  
inframicrobiol Special issue-supplement to 12:167-174 '61.

I. Institutul de inframicrobiologie al Academiei R.P.R. si Institutul  
de igiena, Iasi.

(HYDROPHOBIA) (ENCEPHALOMYELITIS)

NICOLAU, S.St, academician; ZAVATE, O.; CONSTANTINESCU, N.; MICU, I.;  
BIRZU, N.; RUSU, Florica; OVANESCU, Al.

Research on viral infectious hepatitis (V.I.H.) transmitted by  
parenteral route. Stud. cercet. inframicrobiol. 12 no.4:421-435  
'61.

(HEPATITIS, INFECTIOUS transmission)  
(INJECTIONS complications) (HOSPITALS)

BALDOVIN-AGAPI, Coralia, dr.; FRANCHE, Maria, prof.; BELCIU, Irina, dr.; MICU, I., dr.; CVAMESCU, A., dr.; ANDRONVICI, G., dr.; BRAUNER, E., dr.; RADULESCU, A., dr.; DIN'ITRIU, St., dr.; DIN'ITRIU, A., dr.; RUGINA, N., dr.; BLINDU, P., dr.

Receptivity to scarlet fever assessed by Dick's reaction with fractional doses of purified toxin. Microbiologia (Bucur) 6 no. 1:69-76 Ja-F '62.

1. Institutul "Dr. I. Cantacuzino" si Spitalul "Izolarea" din Iasi.

11/20/71

min.AIA

ALCU, I.; DANA, C.; MARITA, I.; IOAD, Elena; COCNUKIAN, Secretaria;  
MIHUL, Valentina; VLATU, C.; GRABIANU, Liliana; CRISTIANU, I.;  
JOSEFSOHN, Iudita; ALMACURTA, C.; MOSANU, R.; VOLAN, Sh.

Clinic of Contagious Diseases, part, Tasi regional sanatoria.  
(Clinica de boala contanteaza Tasi, sanatoriul regional Tasi.)  
- (for all)

Bucharest, Viața Medicală, No 7, 1 Apr 63, pp 77-78.

"Epidemic of Ornithosis in a rural Locality."

13

FRANCHE, Maria; MICU, I.; BALTIEV, Ariadna; DUMITRIU, St.; FELLER, H.;  
APOSTOL, A.; BRAUNER, E.; CONSTANTINESCU, N.; ZAVATE, Olga;  
DOGARU, Maria; NICĂ, V.

Research on recurrences of exanthematous typhus. II. Comparative  
clinical aspects of typhus recurrences and primary infections.  
Stud. cercet. inframicrobiol. 15: no. 3: 211-224 '64.

ZAVATE, Osga, CONSTANTINACHE, N.; DOGARIU, Maria, MORARU, Aneta, FRANCHE,  
Maria, MIHAI, Ios., RAITIEV, Arpad.a

Research on recurrences of exanthematous typhus. IV.  
State of rickettsemia in sporadic typhus primoinfection  
and in recurrences. Stud. cercet. Inframicrobiol. 15  
no.31255-267 '64.

EXCERPTA MEDICA Sec 10 Vol 12/12 Obstetrics DEC 59

2105. A CASE OF CONGENITAL TUBERCULOSIS - Veleszületett tuberkulózis esete - Deutsch M. and Micu J. Szatmár Egyesített Kórház Tödőszámla, Közl. - ORV. SZLE 1958, 4/6 (538-539)

Mention is made of the low frequency of these cases and a description is given of a 19-day-old infant admitted with a 3-day history of influenza and bronchopneumonia. Birth weight was 2,650 g. BCG vaccination was given on the 8th day. Body weight was only 2,500 g. on admission; there was insomnia, diarrhoea and pre-dystrophy. Perioral cyanosis was also seen. No X-ray film was made. Fluoroscopic examination showed densification at the hilus. Enlarged lymph nodes were palpable in the left axillary region. The CSF was Pandy-positive. The tuberculin test (1:10,000) was negative. Blood counts: erythrocytes 3.9 million, leucocytes 20,600, Hb 75%. Streptomycin and isoniazid were given. On the 26th day of illness the subject died after further loss of weight. Autopsy revealed miliary tb. No tb was elicited in the home environment. Eight days after the child's admission the mother developed fever, cough and abdominal pain, and likewise showed miliary tb. It is suggested that infection of the infant had probably been intraplacental, being effected during the last few months of pregnancy.

Schaich - Luisenheim (XV, 7, 10)

ROSU, E.; MICU, L.; BAN, I.

Preparation of injection solutions of novocaine with pyramidon  
and sodium amytal. Apt. de lo 10 no. 1:94 Ja-F '61. (MIRA 14:2)  
(NOVOCAINE)

MICU, L., ing.

Problems on the magnetoelectric galvanometers and their selection  
for various mountings. Metrologia apl 10 no.4:162-168 Ap '63.

MICU, L., ing.

Some considerations connected with the use of the Wheatstone bridge. Metrologia apl 10 no.9:411-417 S '63.

MICU, M. ; CIULLI, S.

Diffusive and dispersive propagation of gravitational waves in a vacuum; also, remarks by c. Aretin, p. 507. Academia Republicii Populare Romane. Institutul de Fizica. STUDII SI CERCETARI DE FIZICA. Bucuresti. Vol. 5, no. 3, July/Sept. 1955.

So. East European Accessions List

Vol. 5, No. 9

September, 1956

MAGNETIC

PA - 2048

AUTHOR:

CJULILLI, S., MIKU, M.

TITLE:

The Statistical Method for the Study of the Behavior of a  
Totality of Charged Particles under the Effect of an Own  
Magnetic Field (Russian).

PERIODICAL:

Atomnaia Energiia, 1957, Vol 2, Nr 1, pp 5-9 (U.S.S.R.)  
Received: 3 / 1957

Reviewed: 3 / 1957

ABSTRACT:

The present work shows the existence of steady solutions for the function of the statistical distribution of particles in a gas discharge. On this occasion the discharge is held back round the symmetry axis only under the influence of its own magnetic field. The gas is assumed to be sufficiently warm and to be fully ionized. Therefore the influence exercised by the diffusion of neutral atoms into the plasma is not taken into account. The equations of relativistic statistics for the totality of the charged particles which are under the influence of their own field are written down in the form given by S.CICEJKA. If the rationalized system of GAUSS units and of the antisymmetric tensor

$B^{\mu\nu}$  for the electromagnetic field is used, the following equations are obtained:  $\frac{\partial}{\partial x^\mu} (\{^{\mu\nu} F_{1,2}) + \frac{e_{1,2}}{m_{1,2}} B^{\mu\nu} \left\{ \frac{\partial F_{1,2}}{\partial \{^\mu} \right\} = 0$

Card 1/3

PA - 2048

The Statistical Method for the Study of the Behavior of a  
Totality of Charged Particles under the Effect of an Own  
Magnetic Field (Russian).

$B_{\mu\nu} = \partial A_\mu / \partial x^\nu - \partial A_\nu / \partial x^\mu$ ,  $\square A^\mu = - j^\mu$ . Here  $\{^\mu\}$  denotes  
the four-vector of velocity,  $F_1$  - the distribution function  
of the ions,  $F_2$  - the distribution function of the electrons,

$j^\mu$  - the four-vector of the flux of charged particles. The  
present work solves the integrodifferential equations for  
the steady isothermal distribution with axial symmetry, all  
computations being carried out in nonrelativistic approxima-

tion.  
The field  $B^{\mu\nu}$  can be expressed by the components of the  
fourdimensional vector  $A^\mu$ . The solution of the wave equa-  
tion for  $A^\mu$  is given, and also the herefrom resulting com-  
ponents of  $B_{12}$ . In the case of cylinder symmetry the functions  
 $F_1$  and  $F_2$  do not depend on  $\varphi$  and the components  $B_{12}$ ,  $B_{23}$ ,  
 $B_{24}$ ,  $B_{34}$  vanish in this case. The expressions for  $B_{13}$ , and  
 $B^{14}$  are explicitly given. The first of the above mentioned

Card 2/3

PA - 2048

The Statistical Method for the Study of the Behavior of a  
Totality of Charged Particles under the Effect of an Own  
Magnetic Field (Russian).

equations is specialized for this case. By separation of the variable the authors endeavor to find a solution which satisfies the condition  $e_1 f_1 + e_2 f_2$ . On the occasion of transition to a system of reference in which electrons and ions have the same absolute velocity the equations for  $f_1$  and  $f_2$  become identical. In the case of equal initial conditions ( $f_1(0) = f_2(0)$ ) both functions thus become identical. The necessary operations of computation are discussed in short. An equation for  $f(r)$  is given and several times transformed, its solution is written down in implicit form and is also transformed. The results obtained here are correct only if the density of the ions ( $f$ ) becomes very low near the interior walls of the tube (where temperature must not exceed a certain limit). In conclusion the definite form of the function of statistical distribution is given.

ASSOCIATION: Institute for Nuclear Physics, Bucarest, Roumania

PRESENTED BY:

SUBMITTED:

AVAILABLE: Library of Congress

Grade: 1/1

MICU, M

RUMANIA/Electronics - Electrical Discharges of Gases and Gas  
Discharge Apparatus.

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur Fizika, No 1, 1960, 1528

Author : Ciulli, S., Micu, M.

Inst : -

Title : Plasma Oscillations in a Static External Magnetic  
Field.

Orig Pub : Studii si cercetari fiz - Acad. RPR, 1958, 9, N. 4,  
489-496

Abstract : By using the Boltzmann equation, the author finds  
the distribution function of a beam of electrons in  
a plasma with cylindrical symmetry, located in an  
axial magnetic field. The perturbations of the sta-  
tionaly distributions are investigated by calculat-  
ing the deviations of the first-order moments from  
their Maxwellian value. The values of the perturba-  
tions of the magnetic field and of the distributi..

Car. 1/2

- 19 -

MICU, M.

19

✓ Reduced widths for deuteron breakup calculated by  
means of the nuclear shell model. M. Micu and A. Sina-  
drescu. Acad. rep. populare Române, studiile fiz. și matem.  
J. Inst. fiz. Stiint. cercetări fiz. 10, 237-70 (1969); cf.  
Lane, C.A. 44, 6200a.—A study is presented on reduced  
widths in reactions with deuterons produced by complex  
nuclei, calcd. by means of the nuclear shell model. Anal.  
expressions of reduced widths have been obtained for the  
case of the complex system of  $n$  equiv. nucleons, on the  
outside of a closed shell, as well as in the particular case  
when there is only one single nucleon. Each expression is  
obtained in the case of the 2 extreme couplings  $L$   $S$  and  
 $JJ$  of the nuclear shell model. Results are compared with  
exptl. results in the case of the reactions  $\text{He}^4 \rightarrow \text{T}^3 + \text{D}^1$   
and  $\text{Li}^6 \rightarrow \text{He}^4 + \text{D}^1$ . M. Lanahan

5

CFK



MICU, M.

19  
Reduced widths for nuclear emission, according to Nilsson's model. M. Micu and A. Simionescu. Acad. rep. Academiei Romane, Inst. fiz. atomica si fiz. Stiintifici cernitici No. 10, 651-7 (1959) (English summary).—The reduced widths for a single nucleon emission were calcd. and it was found that the nuclear wave function is separately antisym. with respect to neutrons and protons, the individual

wave functions being those given by N. (CA 50, 70054). Theoretical results were compared with exptl. data for a few light nuclei —  $N^{13}$ ,  $N^{14}$ ,  $F^{17}$ ,  $B^{11}$ ,  $C^{11}$ ,  $O^{16}$ .

M. Ben Ellinger

5

dw

MICU, M.

The Coulomb excitation of particles, due to the quadrupole moment  
of the projectile. Studii cer.fiz. 10 no.4:659-671 '59.

(ERAI 9:5)

(Particles) (Nuclear moments) (Electric moment)

MICU, M.

On the transition intensities in disintegration  $\beta$ . Studii cerc fiz 11  
no.2:437-439 '60. (EEAI 10:1)  
(Beta rays) (Electric moment) (Radioactivity)

MICU, M.

Stability of a plasma contracted by an electromagnetic field.  
Studii cerc fiz 11 no.4:827-836 '60. (ZEAI 10:8)

1. Institutul de fizica atomica, Bucuresti.  
(Fluids) (Electromagnetic fields) (Mathieu functions)  
(Plasma(Ionized gases))

21306

P/045/61/020/002/024/006  
B108/B209**24.4500**AUTHOR: Micu, H.

TITLE: Angular correlation theory with the Jacob-Wick method

PERIODICAL: Acta Physica Polonica, v. 20, no. 2, 1961, 157-159

TEXT: In the present paper, some simplifications in the angular correlation theory are made following the procedure applied by M. Jacob and C. C. Wick (Ref. 2: Ann. Phys., 7, 424 (1959)) in the collision theory. The state of the initial nucleus A is  $|a; j_A^m_A\rangle$ . a stands for all the quantum numbers of this nucleus except spin ( $j_A$ ) and its projection on the z-axis ( $m_A$ ). If  $S_1(S_2)$  is the S matrix which effects the first (second) transition in the cascade decay  $A \rightarrow B + d_1$ ,  $B \rightarrow C + d_2$ , the final state is  $\psi = S_2 S_1 |a; j_A^m_A\rangle$  (3). In the momentum-helicity representation for the relative motion this reads

$$\psi = \sum_{\lambda_1 \lambda_2} \delta_2 |\vec{k}_1 \lambda_1 \lambda_B\rangle \langle \vec{k}_1 \lambda_1 \lambda_B | S_1 | a; j_A m_A \rangle \quad (4)$$

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B108/B2C9

Angular correlation ...

and, since the S matrix is Lorentz-invariant, the final state becomes

$$\psi = \sum_{\substack{\lambda_1 \lambda_B \\ \lambda_2 \lambda_C}} (-1)^{j_B - j_B} |\vec{k}_1 \lambda_1 \lambda_C; \vec{k}_1 \lambda_1 \rangle \langle \vec{k}_2 \lambda_2 \lambda_C | S_B | b; j_B - \lambda_B \rangle \langle \vec{k}_1 \lambda_1 \lambda_B | S_1 | a; j_A m_A \rangle \quad (5)$$

The ket vector  $|\vec{k}_2 \lambda_2 \lambda_C; \vec{k}_1 \lambda_1 \rangle$  describes the following state: The free particle d<sub>1</sub> with momentum  $\vec{k}_1$  and helicity  $\lambda_1$ , the free particle d<sub>2</sub> with momentum  $\vec{k}_2$  and helicity  $\lambda_2$ , and the nucleus C with momentum  $-\vec{k}_2$  and helicity  $\lambda_C$ .

The first momentum is referred to a frame, in which the nucleus A is at rest while both the second and the third momentum are referred to a frame, in which the nucleus B is at rest. The probability to find this state in the final state is

$$W = |\sum_{\lambda_B} \langle \vec{k}_2 \lambda_2 \lambda_C | S_B | b; j_B - \lambda_B \rangle \langle \vec{k}_1 \lambda_1 \lambda_B | S_1 | a; j_A m_A \rangle|^2 \quad (6)$$

The two wave functions used by Jacob and Wick in their paper are interrelated by the matrix

(?)

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B108/B209

Angular correlation ...

in the form

$$\langle \vec{p} \lambda_1 \lambda_2 \rangle = \sum_{JM} |JM\lambda_1 \lambda_2\rangle \langle JM\lambda_1 \lambda_2| \vec{p} \lambda_1 \lambda_2 \rangle \quad (1) \quad (1)$$

where  $\vec{p}$  denotes the relative momentum. By using Eq. (1), one obtains

$$\langle \vec{k}_1 \lambda_1 \lambda_B | S_1 | a; j_A m_A \rangle = \langle \vec{k}_1 \lambda_1 \lambda_B | j_A m_A \lambda_1 \lambda_B \rangle \langle \lambda_1 \lambda_B | S_1^A | a \rangle \quad (7) \quad (7)$$

where  $S_1^{j_A}$  represents the submatrix of  $S_1$  belonging to a given angular momentum  $j_A$ . If parity is conserved in the decay  $A \rightarrow B + d_1$ , one finds

$$\langle \lambda_1 \lambda_B | S_1^A | a \rangle = \frac{\eta_1 \eta_B}{\eta_A} \langle -\lambda_1 - \lambda_B | S_1^A | a \rangle \quad (8) \quad (8)$$

the quantities  $\eta$  being the parity factors. If the initial nucleus is unpolarized,

$$W = \sum_{i_B i_C} |\mathcal{D}_{i_B i_C - i_0}^{i_B} (\varphi \theta - \varphi)|^2 |\langle \lambda_1 \lambda_C | S_1^B | b \rangle \langle \lambda_1 \lambda_B | S_1^A | a \rangle|^2 \quad (9)$$

which, for detectors insensitive to polarization, becomes

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B108/B209

Angular correlation ...

$$W = \sum_{\substack{i_B i_B' \\ i_C i_C'}} (-1)^{i_B + i_C + i_B'} |\langle \lambda_1 \lambda_B | S_1^B | b \rangle \langle \lambda_1 \lambda_B' | S_1'^B | a \rangle|^2 C_{i_B - i_B'}^{j_B} C_{i_C - i_C'}^{j_B} P_k(\cos \theta) \quad (10)$$

For any polarization detection the author introduces the efficiency matrix  $\epsilon$  and the density matrix  $\rho$  of the final state (5), and from the formula  $W = \text{Spur}(\rho \epsilon)$  he obtains

$$W = \sum_{k \epsilon_1 \epsilon_2} B_{\epsilon_1}^k (1) B_{\epsilon_2}^k (2) D_{\epsilon_1 \epsilon_2}^k (\varphi \theta - \varphi) \quad (11)$$

where

$$B_{\epsilon_1}^k (1) = \sum_{i_B i_B'} (-1)^{i_B - i_B'} \langle \lambda_1 \lambda_B | S_1^B | a \rangle \langle \lambda'_1 \lambda'_B | S_1'^B | a \rangle * C_{i_B - i_B'}^{j_B} \langle \lambda'_1 | \epsilon_1 | \lambda_1 \rangle \delta_{i_1 - i_B i'_1 - i_B} \quad (12)$$

$$B_{\epsilon_2}^k (2) = \sum_{i_C i_C'} (-1)^{i_C - i_C'} \langle \lambda_2 \lambda_C | S_2^C | b \rangle \langle \lambda'_2 \lambda'_C | S_2'^C | b \rangle * C_{i_C - i_C'}^{j_C} \langle \lambda'_2 | \epsilon_2 | \lambda_2 \rangle \quad (13)$$

with  $\epsilon_1$  ( $\epsilon_2$ ) referring to the polarization detection of the first (second) radiation. The meaning of the angles  $\theta$ ,  $\varphi$  used in the angular correlation

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P/045/61/020/002/004/006

B108/B209

Angular correlation . . .

formula is the following: If  $\theta_1, \varphi_1$ , determine the direction of the momentum  $\vec{k}_1$  in the initial (center of mass) frame, the angles  $\theta_2, \varphi_2$  determine the direction of the momentum  $\vec{k}_2$  in the frame obtained by rotation and subsequent Lorentz transformation in the direction of the new z-axis. The Lorentz transformation was chosen so that in the final frame the nucleus B was at rest. If the masses of the nuclei A, B, and C are greater than the masses of the particles  $d_1$  and  $d_2$ , the Lorentz transformation is not necessary and  $\theta$  is the angle between the momenta of the emitted particles  $d_1$  and  $d_2$ .  
There are 2 non-Soviet-bloc references.

ASSOCIATION: Institute for Atomic Physics, Bucharest

SUBMITTED: August 5, 1960

Card 5/5

MICU, M.

Compound nucleus influence on Coulomb excitation. Acta physica Pol  
23 no. 3: 305-320 Mr '63.

1. Institute for Atomic Physics, Bucharest.

MICU, M.

Systematic development of labor productivity. Munca sindic 7 no.4:  
12-14 Ap '63.

1. Președinte al comitetului sindical uzinele "Infratirea",  
Oradea.

MICU, S. ; TUDOSOIU, P.

"System of technical maintenance of tractors in forest protective stations." p. 37.  
(REVISTA PADURILOR, Vol. 68, no. 4, April 1953, Bucuresti, Rumania)  
SO: Monthly List of East European Accessions, L. C., Vol. 3, No. 4, April 1954, Uncl.

MICU, S.; VLAIU, I.

"Degree of mechanization in model nurseries and machines used in various technical phases". p. 226. (REVISTA PADURILOR, Vol. 6<sup>a</sup>, No. 5, May 1954, Bucuresi, Humania)

SO: Monthly List of East European Accessions, (EKAL), LC, Vol. 1, No. 12, Dec. 1954, Uncl.

MICU, Viorel

Putting the thematic plan of innovations into practice. Munca  
sindic 6 no.7:38-40 J1 '62.

MICULESCU, R.; BERCU, S.; DRAGAN, I.

"Determination of the free expansion of copper and brass, laminated with  
noncalibrated cylinders. In French."

p. 107 (Revue De Metallurgie. Journal of Metallurgy) Vol. 1, 1956  
Bucharest, Rumania

SO: Monthly Index of East European Accessions (EEAI) LC. Vol. 7, no. 4,  
April 1958

MICULESCU, R.

"Improvement of the technological process in manufacturing tires in the  
Rosita Metallurgical Combine."

p. 351 (Studii Si Cercetari De Metalurgie) Vol. 2, no. 3, 1957  
Bucharest, Rumania

SO: Monthly Index of East European Accessions (EEAI) LC. Vol. 7, no. 4,  
April 1958

HAUPTMANN, Erik, dr.; MICULINIC, Rudolf, dr.

Comparative studies on the IGT, chlorprop<sup>e</sup> ide and tolbutamide  
test. Lijecn. vjez. 86 no.4:427-432 Ap 64

1. Iz Internog odjela Bolnice "Dr. O. Novosel", Medicinskog  
fakulteta u Zagrebu.

CZECHOSLOVAKIA / Weeds and Weed Control

N

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Biol., 1950, No 17, 77967

Author : Miculka, B.

Inst : Not given

Title : Use of 2,4-D for Control of Weeds in Berry Patches.

Orig Pub: Ovoenar. a zelinar., 1956, 4, No 6, 166-168

Abstract: When spraying berry patches with herbicides, it is necessary to take into account the stage of development of the plants. With 2,4-D spraying of soil in a dose of 3 kg/ha of 100 m<sup>2</sup> through 6 weeks immediately before transplanting strawberries, 12 kg of weeds were counted; on the control plot, there were 555 kg. But, in addition on the

Card 1/2

MICUNIK, Pratislav, Inst.

Evaluation of strawberry varieties for canning. Institute of  
Botany and Plant Breeding, Prague, Czechoslovakia, 1964.  
16 no.1:38-42 Ja '64.

Plant cultivation statistics, 1964. Submitted 1964.  
1964.

MICULKA, Bretislav, Ing.

Refractometric dry matter in strawberries of world assortment.  
Rost výroba II no. 3;287-302 Mč 165.

I. Cultivation Station, Valenrat. Submitted February 5, 1964.

BANKOVSKIY, Yu.A.; MICHLOVINA, Z.V., TSIRULE, Ya.I.; IYEVIN'SH, A.F.  
[Ievins, A.]

8-Chloro-8-mercaptopquinoline and its salts. Metod.poluch.khim.reak.i  
prepar. no.4/5;79-85 '62. (MIRA 17:4)

1. Institut khimii AN Latvijas SSR.

MICUS, G.

✓ 1361. Apparatus for the determination of the explosion limits of vapour-air mixtures of combustible liquids. (In German.)

G. Mincz and B. Taranczewski. Chem.-Ing. Tech., 1957, 29, 270-7. A very compact glass apparatus is described for the determination of the explosion limits of vapour-air mixtures. A stream of air is saturated by bubbling through the liquid and is passed into the explosion chamber. The mixture in this chamber may be subjected to a spark passed between 2 platinum electrodes. The whole apparatus is maintained at a

given temp. The use of the apparatus is described, and the results compared with values taken from the literature.

P. J. K.

MICUSAN, V.V.; RUZILA, Lucia

Antigenicity relations between the maternal seric proteins,  
the colostrum immunoglobulins, and the seric proteins of the  
new born calf. Studii cerc biochimie 7 no.2:213-219 '64.

1. Laboratory of Biochemistry of the Zootechnical Research  
Institute, - of the Institute of Biochemistry, Romanian Academy,  
Bucharest. Submitted February 1', 1964.

POPOVICI, D.Gh.; MICUSAN, V.V.

Research on protein fractions in maternal blood, newborn blood,  
and in goat colostrum. Studii cerc biochimie 6 no.1:39-48  
'63.

1. Laboratorul de biochimie, Institutul de cercetari zootehnice,  
Bucuresti.

MACAROVICI, Const. Gh.; MICU-SMENIUC, Rodica

② Study of complex combinations with diphenyllic derivatives. Pt.8.  
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